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From Thursday Auguſt 11. to Saturday Auguſt 13. 1709.

At the Court at Windſor, Auguſt 8, 1709.

PRESENT,

The Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHereas a Number of the Poor diſtreſſed Proteſtant Palatines are this Day ſet out for Cheſter in their way to Ireland, according to the following Rout; Her Majeſty, with the Advice of Her Privy-Council, is pleaſed to Order, That all Mayors, Juſtices of the Peace, and other Magiſtrates, be Aiding and Aſſiſting to them, ſo that they may be kindly Entertained, and civilly Uſed, in the ſeveral Places upon the Road.

Chriſ. Muſgrave.

Rout the Waggons are to keep.

From London to	Barnet	10 Miles.
	St. Albans	10
	Dunſtable	10
	Brickhill	7
	Foſter	13
	Daventry	10
	Coventry	14
	Colſhell	8
	Litchfeild	12
	Stone in Staffordſhire	16
	Nautwich	16
	Cheſter	14
		140 Miles.

Whitehall, Auguſt 10. By Order of the Right Honourable the Lords and others, her Majeſty's Commiſſioners for receiving and diſpoſing of the Mony to be collected for the Subſiſtance and Settlement of the poor Palatines; Notice is hereby given, That all Perſons concerned in collecting the Mony on the Briefs for the relief, &c. of the ſaid Palatines, are hereby required to pay forthwith into the Chamber of London, all ſuch Sums of Mony, not under fifty Pounds, as they ſhall from time to time have collected on the ſaid Briefs, and to take from the Officer, appointed there to receive the ſame, a Receipt on the back of the reſpective Briefs whereon the ſame was collected, in part of Mony by them collected thereon.

By Order of the ſaid Commiſſioners Notice is hereby likewiſe given, That they will, for the future, meet as a Committee in the Council-Chamber in Guildhall on every Monday, Tueſday, Thurſday, Friday and Saturday, at four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and on every Wedneſday at ten of the Clock in the Forenoon.

H. Bendyſh.

Venice, Auguſt 2. *N. S.* The Ambaſſador whom our Senate deſigned to ſend to Rome hath received Orders to delay his Departure for ſome Days, the Pope having refuſed to ratifie the Agreement concluded with his Miniſter, concerning the Differences between this Republick and the Court of Rome. The Diſpute between the great Duke of Tuſcany and the Houſe of Lorrain, concerning the Succeſſion to the perſonal Eſtate of the late Duke of Mantua, was determined on the twenty third Inſtant, in favour of the Family of Lorrain. Letters from Rome of the 27th of the laſt Month ſay, that his Holineſs held a Conſiſtory on the 26th, wherein he declared his Reſolution of ſending his Nephew Signior Albani to all the Courts of the Princes concerned in the preſent War, that are of the Roman Catholick Communion, to incline them to renew the Treaty for a General Peace. The Rout this Miniſter deſigns to take is, firſt to Vienna, after which to Madrid, and from thence to Paris; he is ordered to proceed alſo to the place which may be agreed on for the Negotiation, with the Character of Nuncio-Extraordinary from his Holineſs. Advices from Naples ſay, that the Commotions in that Kingdom are quieted by a late Order from his Catholick Majeſty, to forbid the Impoſition of any further Taxes on the Inhabitants. Letters from Turin ſay, that his Royal Highneſs having received Advice, that General Thaun had opened a paſſage into the Enemies Country, by taking the important Poſt of Conflans, had ordered his Subjects to furniſh two thouſand Horſes and Mules, for tranſporting over the Mountains all neceſſary Proviſions to the Army. His Royal Highneſs hath alſo commanded a great Detachment of Horſe to join that General from Piedmont.

Bruſſels, Auguſt 16. *N. S.* We have received repeated Advices of the Defeat of the King of Sweden's Army near Poltowa; and King Auguſtus hath diſpatched the Count de Calemberg, with Letters to Prince Eugene, containing the particulars of this important Victory. That Miniſter left Dreſden on the third Inſtant, and is paſſed thro' this Place for the Army. The Account of the Motions of the Muſcovite Army is as follows. On the 20th of June, O. S. the Muſcovite Army paſſed the River Worskla, and advanced within a League of the Enemy. On the 24th they threw up Intrenchments within a quarter of a League of the Swediſh Army, and encamped in that place 'till the twenty ſeventh. That Day both Armies prepared for an Engagement; and the Swedes having lain all Night on their Arms, attacked the Muſcovite Cavalry at break of Day with great Bravery, and obliged them to retire to their Intrenchments; but the Infantry being at laſt come up to their Aſſiſtance, they faced about on the Enemy, and entirely defeating their Right Wing, took a great number of Priſoners. In the mean time Prince Menzikof and Lieutenant-General Rentzeel were detached with a conſiderable Body of Horſe and Foot, with Orders to march towards Poltowa, at once to raiſe the Blockade of that place, and intercept the Forces who were advancing to the Aſſiſtance of the Right Wing of the Enemy's Army. Theſe Orders were executed with great Succeſs, and Prince Menzikof entirely defeated that Body, while Lieutenant General Rentzeel obliged the Troops which blocked up Poltowa to ſurrender at Diſcretion. The Swediſh Horſe falling back to their Infantry, the whole Army was drawn up in order of Battel; and the Czar drew up his Forces in three Lines, the Cavalry compoſing both the Wings, and the Infantry the Centre of the Army; his Czariſh Majeſty acted in Perſon at the Head of the Foot, Lieutenant-General Bauer led the Right Wing, and Prince Menzikof the Left: According to this Diſpoſition they marched